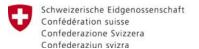


Information Event r4d Additional Thematic Call

Berne, 1st March 2016







Agenda

- 1. Introduction of r4d programme
- 2. Characteristics of thematic r4d projects
- KFPE's Guide for Transboundary Research Partnerships
- 4. Specifications of Additional Thematic Call
- 5. Time for questions

Flexible coffee break; coffee available in foyer (13:00-16:00)

r4d programme objectives

New Solutions: innovative technology, methods, tools and practices

Excellent research

Generation of scientific competencies in dealing with the complexity of global issues

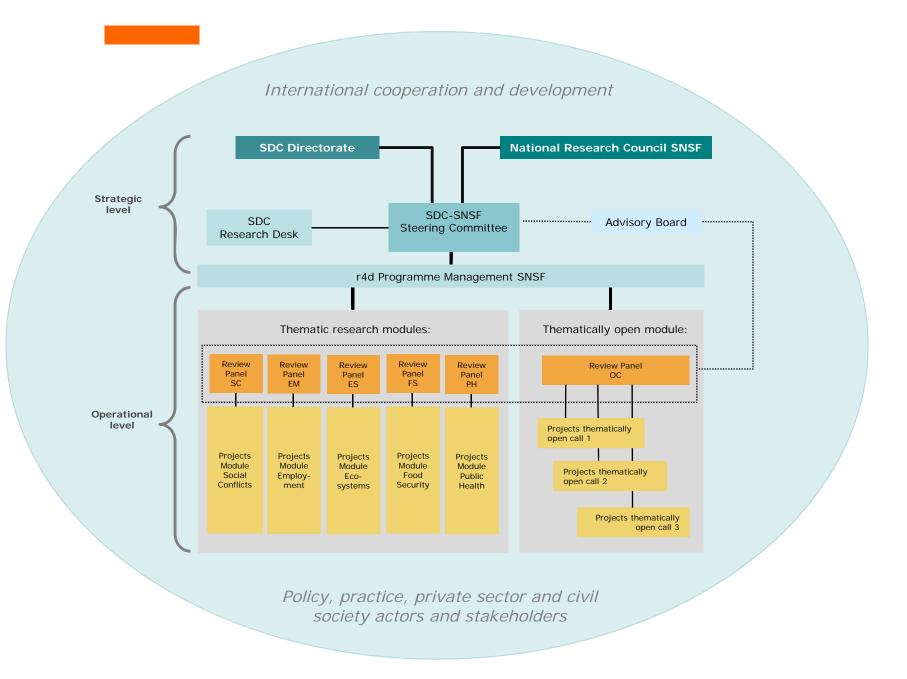
Partnershiporiented

Contribution to solving global problems with a focus on reducing poverty and global risks, and to global sustainable development

Normative framework SD

Application and upscaling of research results in policy and practice

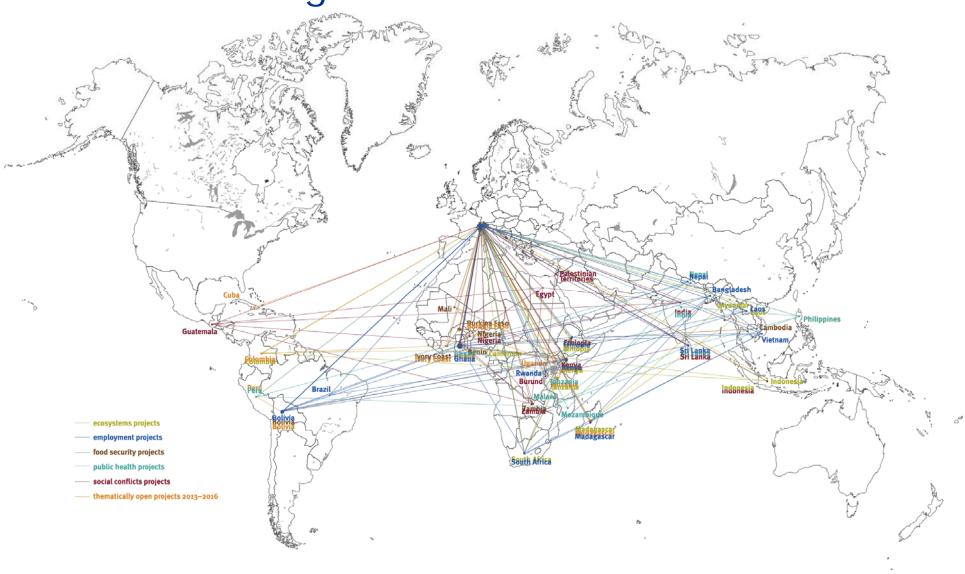
Multilevel



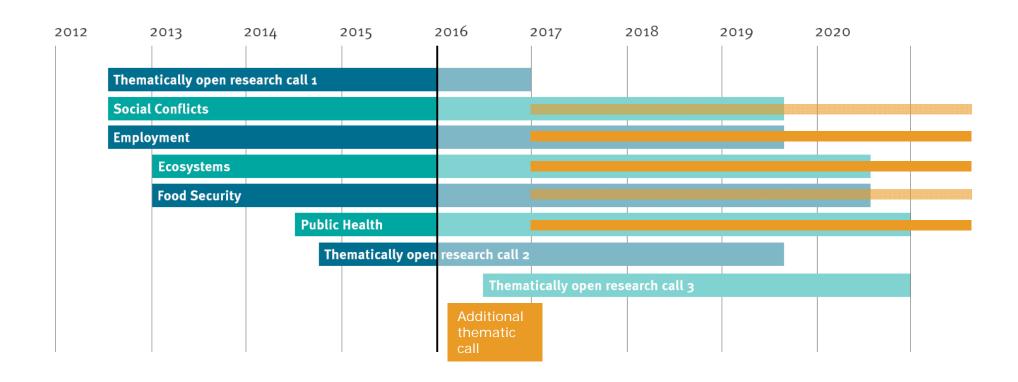
Thematic r4d modules

- Causes of and solutions to social conflicts in the context of weak public institutions or state fragility
- **Employment** in the context of sustainable development
- Sustainable management of ecosystems for the provision of ecosystem services
- Innovation in agricultural and food systems for food security
- Provision systems and financing mechanisms in the public health sector
- → 17 thematic r4d projects ongoing

The r4d global research network



Timelines of the r4d modules

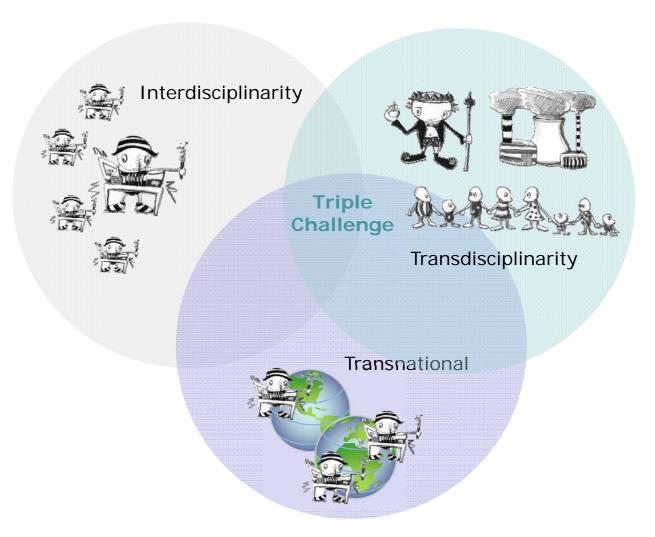


r4d programme events

- r4d Conference 2017 (planned for September)
- r4d Skills (1-2 per year)
- r4d Forum (2-3 per module life-time)



Characteristics of thematic r4d projects





Platform of the Swiss Academy of Sciences

Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries KFPE

Principles and some lessons learnt in trans-boundary and intercultural research partnerships

Dr. Jon-Andri Lys
Executive Secretary of the KFPE



Platform of the Swiss Academy of Sciences

Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries KFPE

KFPE

Swiss Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries

Mission: KFPE promotes efficient, effective and equitable research co-operartion with developing and transition countries. By doing so, it contributes to sustainable development and to solving global problems.

Its **members** are experienced in the field of scientific research partnerships with developing and transition countries.

At present, the **associated institutions** include about 50 Swiss institutions active in scientific research, in the promotion of scientific research or in development, Departments of the Federal Government, and Foundations.

Main Activities

Supporting

Conceptual Work:
Guidelines
Impact Study

Awareness Rising

Political level

Scientific & Development Community

Knowledge
Brokering
Info Platform
Bridging

«North & South»
Development

&

Research



Platform of the Swiss Academy of Sciences Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries KFPE

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Scholarships

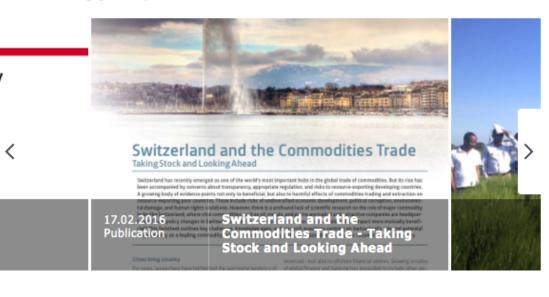
Events

Weblinks

> Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries > Home

Commission for Research Partnerships with Developing Countries (KFPE)

KFPE is the information hub for «North-South» research in Switzerland, both for researchers and for the target audience of the research. It promotes efficient, effective and equitable research cooperation with developing and transition countries. By doing so, KFPE contributes to sustainable development and to solving global problems.





Contact

Show



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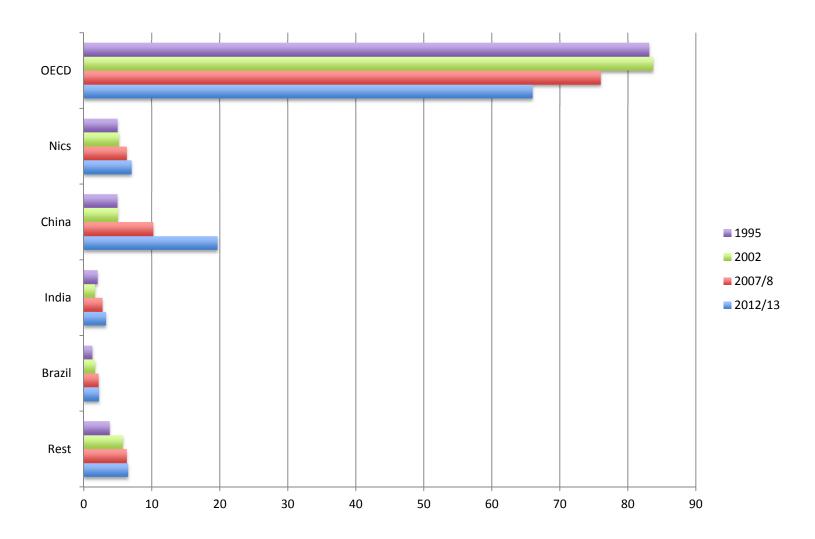
- > KFPE-News
- > Upcoming Events

KFPE Newsletter



register via: kfpe@scnat.ch

The Scientific Imbalance



The distribution of worldwide spending for research (in %) (UNESCO Science Reports 1998, 2005 and 2010 & 2015)



Box 3. Low Country Investments in R&D

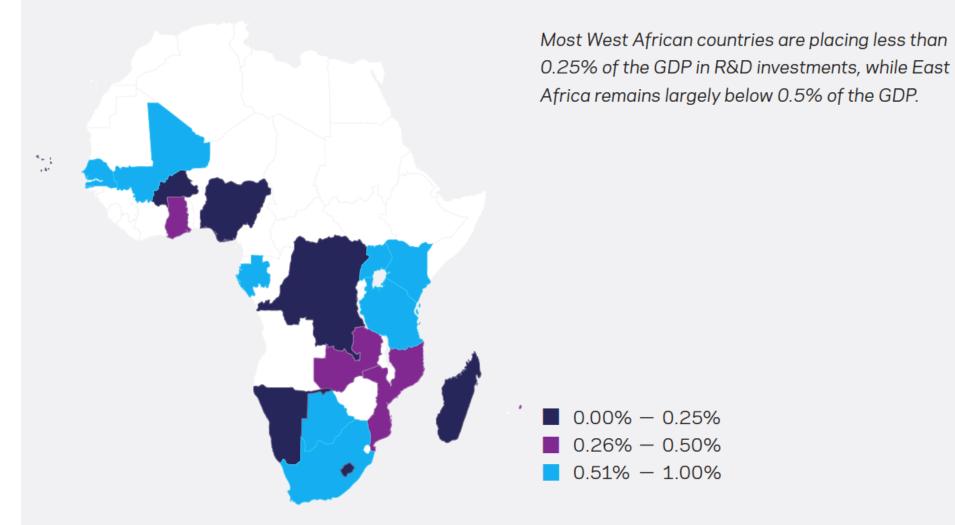


Figure C — Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (GERD) as a percentage of GDP, 2011 or latest available year for sub-Saharan Africa. Source: UNESCO Institute of Statistics.



Cartoon by Karl Herweg, CDE Univ. of Bern



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Asymmetries / Power imbalances

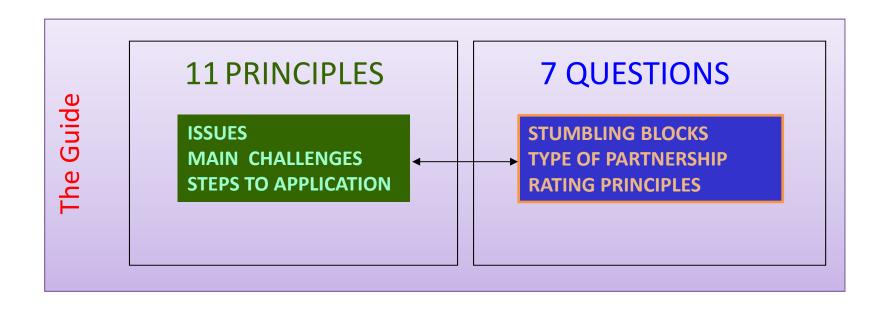
- Conceptual
- Financial
- Roles / Responsibilities
- Ownership of data/samples etc.

Danger

-> South serves only as a laboratory or as data provider



A Guide for Trans-boundary Research Partnerships



2012 principles

- (1) Set agenda together
- (2) Integrate with stakeholders
- (3) Clarify responsibilities
- (4) Account to beneficiaries
- (5) Promote mutual learning
- (6) Enhance capacities
- (7) Share data & networks
- (8) Disseminate results
- (9) Pool profit & merits
- (10) Apply results
- (11) Secure outcomes



Science and Policy
Platform of the Swiss Academy of Sciences
Commission for Research Partnerships
with Developing Countries KFPE

Set the agenda together

Issues

Cooperation between researchers or research institutions can take a broad range of forms, from loose exchange of information to contract research and even long-term research collaboration [Q3]. Practical experience with North-South collaborations has shown that the more ambitious the goal and the closer the form of cooperation, the more important it is for all parties involved to reach mutual agreement on the meaning and the purpose of their work [Q1] [Q2]. Joint conduct of research that is relevant and of high scientific quality is only possible if all parties work together towards a shared goal from the very beginning - including the relevant stakeholders [P2]. While this seems obvious enough, it is not easy to implement in practice. Cases are rare where collaboration involves two research groups that contribute equally to funding, have equal scientific capacity, and share the same interests. Asymmetry is inevitable and a fact, but its negative impact can be reduced. Determining research questions, research approaches, and research methods jointly is a first important step towards more equity in cooperation, shared ownership and mutual trust.

Main challenges

To reach an understanding that the agenda-setting process requires all initial phases of identification, appraisal and planning to be tackled jointly.

To handle funding schemes and externally imposed obligations so as to guarantee freedom of research and open the partners' scope for participatory procedures.

To counterbalance «inherent inequalities» among partners in order to gradually build mutual ownership and accountability based on trust and motivation.

Steps to application

Be aware and clarify

- > Check partners' interests and reference systems;
- Appraise external conditions such as research policy, rights of expression;
- Assess potential driving forces regarding risk (disabling drivers) and opportunities (enabling drivers) [Q2].

Examine closely and search for options

- Design the planning of «who will do what and how» in a participatory way;
- > Put joint formulation of the research questions at the center:
- > Define mutually expected outcomes;
- List what requirements need to be fulfilled by partnership to achieve these results.

Stipulate rules and procedures

Jointly determine the varying levels of partners' involvement in all phases of the project cycle.

The 7 Key Questions

(stumbling blocks, main debates)

Why to work in partnership? Added value, Win-Win, Necessity (global issues)

How to ensure cohesion? Dividing Forces and Counterbalance

What form of collaboration? Project, Network, Programme, Alliances

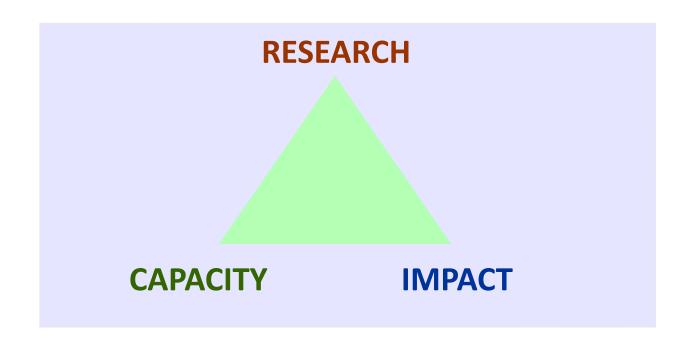
Which foci and priorities? Research – Impact – Capacity Building

Who to involve? Peers, Beneficiaries, Donors, Intermediaries

Where to create relevance? 3 Types of Knowledge, Social Embedment

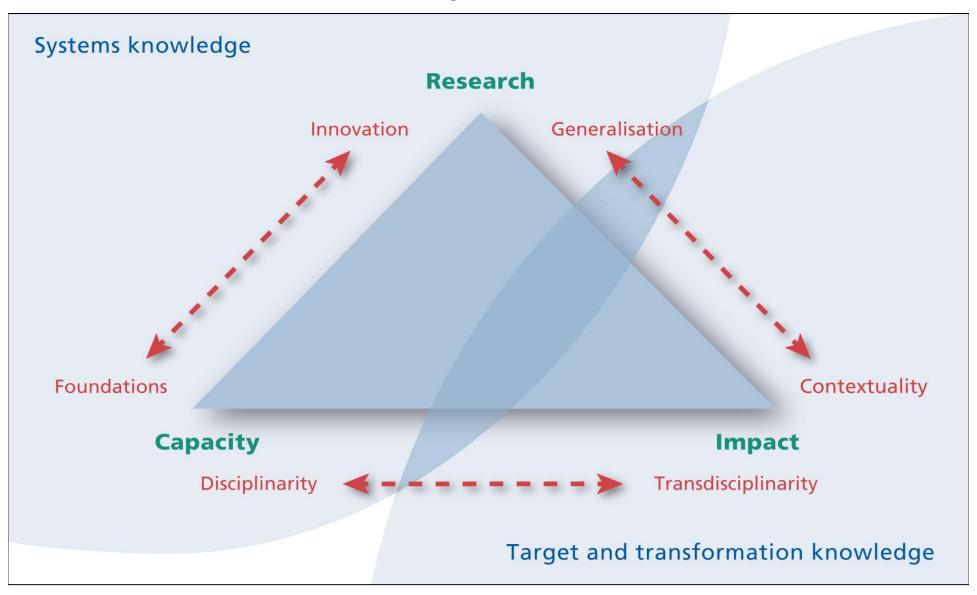
When to consolidate outcomes? Transdisc. Interact., Instit. Consolidation

Research partnerships What is particular?

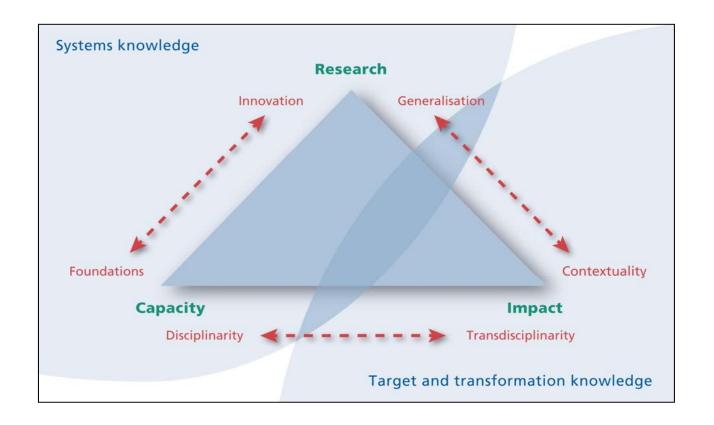


(-> Q-4: Which foci and priorities?)

The tree basic goals are in conflict



(Wiesmann, Stöckli & Lys, 2012)



Recommendations to deal with these conflicting goals (Question 4):

- 1) Clear prioritization in one or two of the goals.

 Adequate for projects limited in time and scope
- 2) Maintain all three goals but phase and/or subdivide the endeavour into specific components.
 - Adequate for long-term programmes and networks/alliances



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NCCR North-South

A 12 year program, 2001-2013 9 Regions, more than 40 countries 197 regional partners Around 400 researchers involved

Financed by SNSF and SDC

http://www.north-south.unibe.ch

Joint Agenda setting process (P1 & P3)

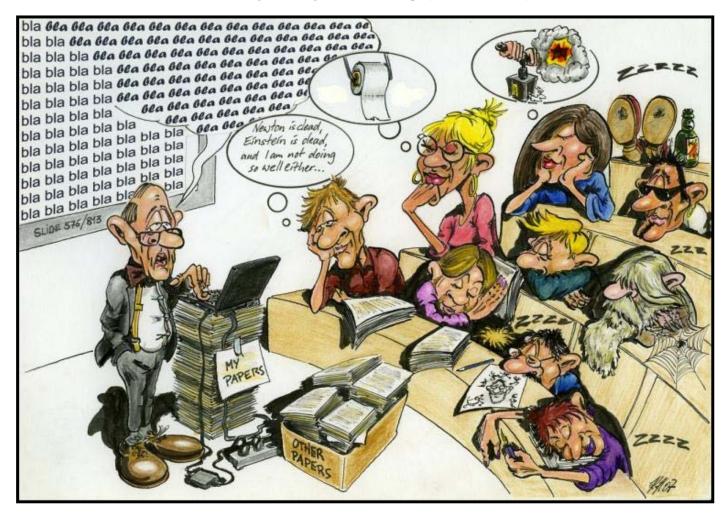




Karl Herweg, CDE

Joint undertakings stand a better chance when they benefit both sides (Euripides)

Capacity Building (P6 & Q7)



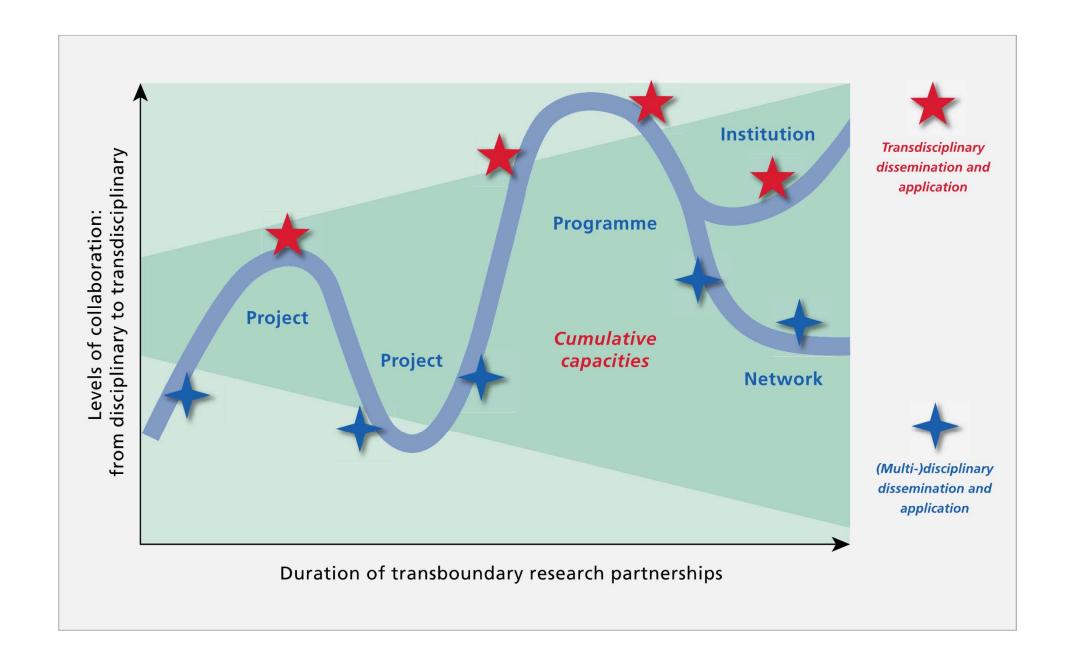
An investment in knowledge always pays the best interest (Benjamin Franklin)

Interact & exchange with stakeholders (P2, P4, P8, P10 & Q5, Q6, Q7)



We have two ears and one mouth so that we can listen twice as much as we speak (Epictetus)

Iteration between disciplinary, interdisciplinary and trans-disciplinary approaches (Q-7)





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Conclusions

For successful research partnerships, we need to understand:

- our scientific and non-scientific partner's motivations:
 - -> the official narrative and the hidden, the different objectives
- who wins in the partnership? ... and who loses? ... and who decides? etc
- the expectations from the application side but also from the funding agencies
- ways to make the partnership grow into an enduring relationship
- -> go for a balanced equilibrium

Some additional important ingredients:

- Creative listening
- Respect and interest for the roots of the others (background, culture, history etc.)
- Mutual learning (for change)



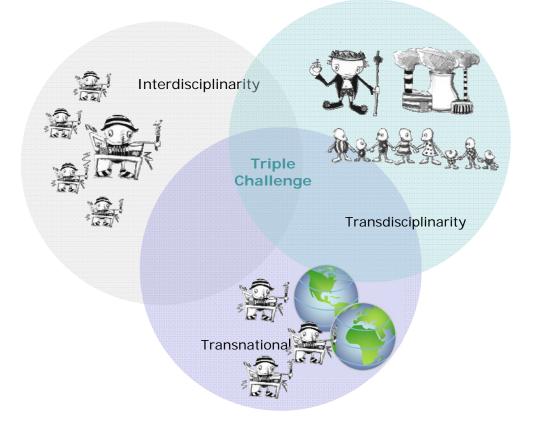
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Thank you

www.kfpe.ch

Characteristics of thematic r4d projects



Duration of 6 years and budget of up to CHF 3 Mio

First round of questions

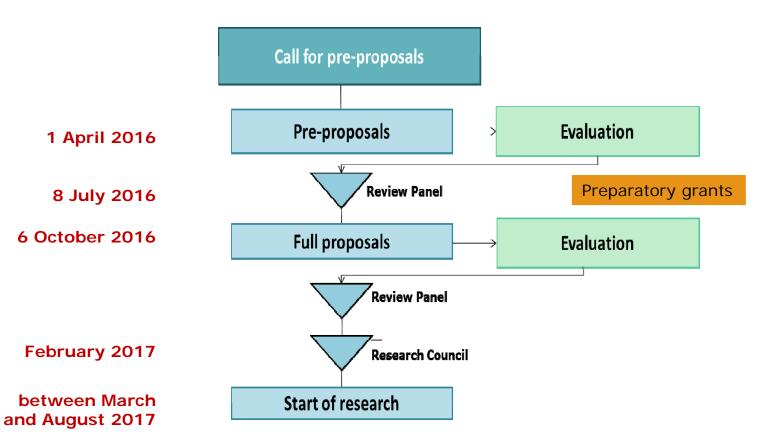


Additional Thematic Call 1 - Topics

Topics address research gaps in the thematic modules Employment, Ecosystems and Public Health and include a crosscutting topic:

- Conditions and dynamics of employment, with a particular focus on vocational training, in the context of sustainable development
- Ecosystems, ecosystems management, and climate change
- Social determinants and equitable access to health
- Natural resource governance for sustainable development

Additional Thematic Call - Evaluation process



Additional Thematic Call - Evaluation criteria

Scientific quality

- Scientific relevance, originality, topicality
- Suitability and feasibility of methods
- Applicants' scientific track record and composition of consortium

Relevance for development

- Research contributes to reducing global problems taking into account relevant international debates and policies
- Communication and application strategy and involvement of the key stakeholders
- Balanced distribution of duties, responsibilities, competencies between partners

Budget and governance

Scientific quality and Relevance for development are weighed equally

Additional Thematic Call - Eligibility

- Researchers working at research institutions in Switzerland
 except PIs of an ongoing r4d project within a thematic
 module main applicant and co-applicants
- Researchers originating from a developing country and based at an institution in Africa, Asia and Latin America – co-applicants

Examples:

- WHO / UNEP /IUCN are not eligible as Swiss research institutions
- CGIAR (Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research)
 institutions are generally eligible. However, applicants must be
 citizens of a developing country.

Additional Thematic Call - Countries

Only research partnership projects are funded.

- Research partnerships consist of at least one Swiss research group and at least one research group from one developing country of group 1. The participation of further groups from developing countries and from Switzerland is highly recommended.
- Research partners from the BICS and upper middle income countries (group 2) can participate in the research partnership projects.

Additional Thematic Call - Countries

Country group 1	Country group 2
 Countries in the OECD-DAC list classified as: Least developed countries Other low income countries Lower middle income countries and territories Cuba as a SDC priority country 	 Countries in the OECD-DAC list classified as upper middle income countries in Africa, Asia (without Turkey) and Latin America (without the Caribbean) BICS: Brazil, India, China, South Africa and other emerging countries.

Additional Thematic Call – Eligible costs

Salaries

- Doctoral candidates
- Academics or senior researchers doing research and coordination in the project
- Technicians
- Assistants
- MSc students (only in country group 1)

The salaries of Swiss applicants are not covered.

Additional Thematic Call – Eligible costs

- Communication and application activities
- Equipment of enduring value (only in country group 1)
- Research funds
- Overhead costs for research institutions in countries of group 1 can be included into the project budget and must not exceed 10% of their total budget.

Overhead costs for Swiss and country group 2 research institutions are not eligible.

Additional Thematic Call – Financial conditions

At least **50% of the academic personnel** (in person months) per project resides in countries of group 1.

At least 40% of the approved amount must go to the partners from countries of group 1.

10% to 15% of the amount must be used for application and communication.

Additional Thematic Call – Documents

Pre-proposal:

- Research plan (based on template, max. 5 pages)
- CV including list of ten most relevant publications for PI and Co-PIs (max. 2 pages)
- Confirmation (EoI) of research partnership by Co-PIs
- All containers in mySNF completed including budget

Please indicate to which of the following research topics your pre-proposal belongs to (one option only):

Topic 1: Conditions and dynamics of employment, with a particular focus on vocational training, in the context of sustainable development
Topic 2: Ecosystems, ecosystems management, and climate change
Topic 3: Social determinants and equitable access to health
Topic 4: Natural resource governance for sustainable development

Additional Thematic Call – Documents

Proposal (upon invitation only):

- Research plan (based on template, max. 30 pages, including also Pathways to impact, Communication and application strategy, Results framework)
- CV including list of ten most relevant publications for PI and Co-PIs (max. 2 pages)
- Confirmation of research partnership by Co-PIs
- All containers in mySNF completed including budget
- Detailed budget (based on template)

Monitoring and reporting process – 1st research phase



Start of research

Site Visits

Decision about prolongation of projects

1st Progress report

Mid-term reports

Financial report

Financial report

Financial report

Spring 2017

Summer 2018

Autumn 2019

Relevant documents



r4d programme

- Portrait
- Organisation
- Events
- Administration of grants

Administration of grants

This is the repository page of key documents to administer a grant of the r4d programme. Researchers of the r4d programme find here regulations, guidelines, forms and communication elements.

Here you find key documents to administer a grant of the r4d programme. Please note that English is not an official language of Switzerland. The SNSF documents in English are provided for information purposes only and do not have legal force. The legally relevant SNSF documents can be accessed via the SNSF Website (Documents and Downloads).

To administer a grant (SNSF forms and regulations)

- Funding Regulations (PDF, 158 KB)
- New Funding Regulations (in force since 01.01.2016) (PDF, 264 KB)
- General implementation regulations for the Funding Regulations (PDF, 329 KB)
- Rates for employees rates for social security contributions (Annex I) (PDF, 232 KB)
- Sample employment contract (Annex II) (PDF, 188 KB)
- Beitragsverwaltende Stellen (Anhang III) (PDF, 101 KB)



Time for more questions

